

995 East Highway 33, Suite 1 = Crete, NE 68333 phone 402-826-3880 = toll free 844-830-0813 = fax-826-4101

Public Health Solutions

District Health Department

Serving Fillmore, Gage, Jefferson, Saline, and Thayer counties.

Dear Parent or Caregiver,

The SKIP Flu immunization clinic will be offered at your child's school on Wednesday, October 17, 2018.

This year Public Health Solutions is encouraging everyone to "Be a Flu Fighter!" As most are probably aware, it was a very bad flu season last year. The more people immunized will help to reduce the spread of the flu. We realize that the flu shot does not guarantee to protect 100% against getting the flu, but it will greatly reduce the length and severity of symptoms should you get the flu.

Public Health Solutions will plan on following the State's procedure of only having injectable vaccine. Please be certain to talk to your child so they are aware that they will be getting the shot again this year. We will not be having any Flu Mist available at the school.

To have your child vaccinated, please do the following:

1. Complete and Sign the Permission Form

You must complete the attached Permission Form and answer <u>all</u> the Screening Questions. Return the completed form to your child's school. <u>Children without a completed</u> and signed consent form will <u>not be immunized</u>. <u>All questions must be answered</u>.

- 2. Insured? - Just include a copy of your Insurance or Medicaid/Medicaid Managed Care Cards
 Please <u>include a photocopy</u> of your Insurance or Medicaid/Medicaid Managed Care card. There will be
 no cost to your family as we bill the insurance company.
- 3. Are you uninsured?

Mark the uninsured box on the Permission Form. There will be **no charge** for the vaccination thanks to the support from the county boards.

4. Be A Winner against the Flu Fight

Every student who turned in their Consent Form <u>and</u> got the flu shot the day of the clinic will be entered into a drawing for a \$20.00 gift card. The name of the lucky winner will be drawn at the end of the day.

Children under the age of nine who have never had the flu vaccine before, or did not receive two doses prior to this year, will need a second dose (booster). Our nurses will review your child's record and will let you know if a booster is needed.

If you need a flu shot, or know someone who needs one, and are unsure where to go, please call us! **Remember—your flu shot protects both you and those you love!** Questions? Call Public Health Solutions District Health Department at 402-826-3880 or toll-free 1-844-830-0813.

This program is supported by Public Health Solutions Board of Health and County Commissioner / Supervisor Boards which help provide funding for anyone who is uninsured.

Sincerely.

Kimberly Buser Health Director

cumberly Busen

Public Health Solutions Vaccine Screening / Permission Form Seasonal Influenza 2018-2019

The information collected on this form will be used to make sure we have permission to give vaccine. The vaccination will be recorded on Nebraska's state immunization site.

on restaura o state minanization site.			
Name:	Date of Birth:	Sex: Male	Female
Address:	City/State/Zip:		Phone:
☐ Insurance (COPY ATTACHED)	☐ Medicaid/Managed Care (COP	IES ATTACHED)	☐ Uninsured
School:	Doctor:		
SCREENING QUESTIONS – Parent Vaccine will not be given if this form	t/Guardian: Please answer <u>all</u> the n is not completed, signed and retu		
1. Is the person getting flu vaccine sick to	day?		Yes / No
2. Is this person allergic to eggs, gelatin, latex, <u>thimerosal</u> or <u>gentamicin</u> ?			Yes / No
3. Has this person had flu vaccine in the past?			Yes / No
4. If yes, has he/she ever had a severe allergic reaction to flu vaccine?			Yes / No
5. Has this person had a seizure or a neurological problem?			Yes / No
6. Does this person have cancer, leukemia, AIDS, or any other immune system problem?			Yes / No
7. Does this person take cortisone, prednisone, other steroids, anticancer drugs, or X-Ray treatments?			Yes / No
8. Has this person received a transfusion of blood, plasma, or immune globulin in the past 6 months?			Yes / No
9. Has this person ever had Guillain-Barré	syndrome?		Yes / No
10. Is this person pregnant?			Yes / No
are reddening of skin, itching, hives, runny or sanxiety, fast irregular heartbeat, and cramping Thimerosal – a preservative found in some vacagentamicin – An antibiotic medicine. Guillain - Barré Syndrome – A disease of the neupward, sometimes causing a person to be pare permission: I have been given a copy and/or have had explained to me the impoportunity to ask questions and have to of vaccination against influenza (flu), an above for whom I am authorized to make school are not responsible for any adventage.	in the abdomen. cines. erves. Symptoms are muscle weakness are alyzed or have trouble breathing. of the 2018-2019 Influenza Vaccine formation on influenza (flu) disease hose questions answered to my sating I request that the influenza (flu) are this request. I understand and agree reactions that may occur and the	nd decreased feeling beging e Information Stateme and influenza (flu) vatisfaction. I understance vaccine be given to magree that Public Health	ent, and I have read accine. I've had the density and benefits e or the person named a Solutions and my child's
attention for my child or myself should a Signature: Parent of child receiving vaccine or adult receiving	Date:		
For Office Use Only	ı		
Nurse Signature:		Nurse: Please attach here and sign form.	vaccine information sticker
		Seasonal Flu 2018-201	19

VACCINE INFORMATION STATEMENT

Influenza (Flu) Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant): What you need to know

Many Vaccine Information Statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.immunize.org/vis

Hojas de información sobre vacunas están disponibles en español y en muchos otros idiomas. Visite www.immunize.org/vis

1 Why get vaccinated?

Influenza ("flu") is a contagious disease that spreads around the United States every year, usually between October and May.

Flu is caused by influenza viruses, and is spread mainly by coughing, sneezing, and close contact.

Anyone can get flu. Flu strikes suddenly and can last several days. Symptoms vary by age, but can include:

- · fever/chills
- · sore throat
- · muscle aches
- fatigue
- · cough
- headache
- · runny or stuffy nose

Flu can also lead to pneumonia and blood infections, and cause diarrhea and seizures in children. If you have a medical condition, such as heart or lung disease, flu can make it worse.

Flu is more dangerous for some people. Infants and young children, people 65 years of age and older, pregnant women, and people with certain health conditions or a weakened immune system are at greatest risk.

Each year thousands of people in the United States die from flu, and many more are hospitalized.

Flu vaccine can:

- keep you from getting flu,
- · make flu less severe if you do get it, and
- keep you from spreading flu to your family and other people.

2 Inactivated and recombinant flu vaccines

A dose of flu vaccine is recommended every flu season. Children 6 months through 8 years of age may need two doses during the same flu season. Everyone else needs only one dose each flu season.

Some inactivated flu vaccines contain a very small amount of a mercury-based preservative called thimerosal. Studies have not shown thimerosal in vaccines to be harmful, but flu vaccines that do not contain thimerosal are available.

There is no live flu virus in flu shots. They cannot cause the flu.

There are many flu viruses, and they are always changing. Each year a new flu vaccine is made to protect against three or four viruses that are likely to cause disease in the upcoming flu season. But even when the vaccine doesn't exactly match these viruses, it may still provide some protection.

Flu vaccine cannot prevent:

- flu that is caused by a virus not covered by the vaccine, or
- · illnesses that look like flu but are not.

It takes about 2 weeks for protection to develop after vaccination, and protection lasts through the flu season.

3

Some people should not get this vaccine

Tell the person who is giving you the vaccine:

- If you have any severe, life-threatening allergies. If you ever had a life-threatening allergic reaction after a dose of flu vaccine, or have a severe allergy to any part of this vaccine, you may be advised not to get vaccinated. Most, but not all, types of flu vaccine contain a small amount of egg protein.
- If you ever had Guillain-Barré Syndrome (also called GBS).

Some people with a history of GBS should not get this vaccine. This should be discussed with your doctor.

· If you are not feeling well.

It is usually okay to get flu vaccine when you have a mild illness, but you might be asked to come back when you feel better.



4

Risks of a vaccine reaction

With any medicine, including vaccines, there is a chance of reactions. These are usually mild and go away on their own, but serious reactions are also possible.

Most people who get a flu shot do not have any problems with it.

Minor problems following a flu shot include:

- soreness, redness, or swelling where the shot was given
- · hoarseness
- · sore, red or itchy eyes
- · cough
- · fever
- · aches
- · headache
- · itching
- · fatigue

If these problems occur, they usually begin soon after the shot and last 1 or 2 days.

More serious problems following a flu shot can include the following:

- There may be a small increased risk of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) after inactivated flu vaccine. This risk has been estimated at 1 or 2 additional cases per million people vaccinated. This is much lower than the risk of severe complications from flu, which can be prevented by flu vaccine.
- Young children who get the flu shot along with pneumococcal vaccine (PCV13) and/or DTaP vaccine at the same time might be slightly more likely to have a seizure caused by fever. Ask your doctor for more information. Tell your doctor if a child who is getting flu vaccine has ever had a seizure.

Problems that could happen after any injected vaccine:

- People sometimes faint after a medical procedure, including vaccination. Sitting or lying down for about 15 minutes can help prevent fainting, and injuries caused by a fall. Tell your doctor if you feel dizzy, or have vision changes or ringing in the ears.
- Some people get severe pain in the shoulder and have difficulty moving the arm where a shot was given. This happens very rarely.
- Any medication can cause a severe allergic reaction.
 Such reactions from a vaccine are very rare, estimated at about 1 in a million doses, and would happen within a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.

As with any medicine, there is a very remote chance of a vaccine causing a serious injury or death.

The safety of vaccines is always being monitored. For more information, visit: www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/

5

What if there is a serious reaction?

What should I look for?

 Look for anything that concerns you, such as signs of a severe allergic reaction, very high fever, or unusual behavior.

Signs of a severe allergic reaction can include hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, and weakness. These would start a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.

What should I do?

- If you think it is a severe allergic reaction or other emergency that can't wait, call 9-1-1 and get the person to the nearest hospital. Otherwise, call your doctor.
- Reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse
 Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your doctor should
 file this report, or you can do it yourself through the
 VAERS web site at www.vaers.hhs.gov, or by calling
 1-800-822-7967.

VAERS does not give medical advice.

6

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (VICP) is a federal program that was created to compensate people who may have been injured by certain vaccines.

Persons who believe they may have been injured by a vaccine can learn about the program and about filing a claim by calling 1-800-338-2382 or visiting the VICP website at www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation. There is a time limit to file a claim for compensation.

7

How can I learn more?

- Ask your healthcare provider. He or she can give you the vaccine package insert or suggest other sources of information.
- · Call your local or state health department.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
 - Call 1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
 - Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/flu

Vaccine Information Statement
Inactivated Influenza Vaccine

08/07/2015

42 U.S.C. § 300aa-26

